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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE .	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/824,704	04/15/2004	Steven R. Fischl	IS01549ESG	6756
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MOTOROLA 600 NORTH U	JS HIGHWAY 45		FANTU, YALKEW	
ROOM AS437 LIBERTYVILLE, IL 60048-5343			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary	10/824,704	FISCHL, STEVEN R.	
omoc Addon Gammary	Examiner	Art Unit	
The MAILING DATE of this communication	Yalkew Fantu	2838	
Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR IN WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL!  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicated. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be iton.  I period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for y statute, cause the application to become ABANDO	ION. e timely filed rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	14 February 2007.		
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ∑	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for a	llowance except for formal matters,	prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice u	nder <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11,	, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims	•		
4) Claim(s) 1 and 3-10 is/are pending in the	e application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wi	thdrawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1, and 3-10</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.	•	
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by th	ne Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection	•	, ,	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note the attached Off	ice Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	oreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	θ(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority docu	•		
<u> </u>	uments have been received in Applic		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	·	eived in this National Stage	
application from the International E		ivod :	
* See the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified copies not rece	eived.	
·			
Attachment(s)	•		

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other: \_

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Misawa (US 6,434,337) in view of Goto (US 6,850,781).

With respect to claim 1, Misawa discloses a portable electronic device (Fig. 1), comprising: a display (Fig. 3, 9), and a power source (Fig. 3, 42 and 43); wherein the portable electronic device presents safety information (Col. 2, lines 1-5) pertaining to the power source (Fig. 3, 42 and 43) on the display (Fig. 3, 9), but does not disclose expressly that the display indicates safety information pertaining to power source when the device is turned from OFF to ON. It is well known that a device, such as this, could not display safety information when the device is turned OFF. But, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at that time of the invention was made to operate this compact electronic device only when it turns from OFF position to ON position in order to supply required power to the system, and issue a warning for safety mechanism, such as, when the battery voltage falls below a predetermined level (see col. 1, lines 10-15). Goto, in addition to that, discloses the information displayed can be any variable information containing, at least, one of a telephone number, character message, or power related safety information (fig. 2A and 2B).

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Misawa and Goto are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor; warning device and information display method. The motivation for doing so would have been obvious in view of the teachings of Goto col. 2, lines 22-26 that by adding safety information and a method of display to the electronic apparatus in order to display inputted safety information that could be selected from the selection group as per the users will.

With respect to claim 10, Misawa discloses a power source (Fig. 3, 42 and 43) comprises a rechargeable battery (Fig. 3, 42).

Claims 3 - 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Misawa (US 6,434,337) and Goto (US 6,850,781) in view of Kabe (US 6,397,089).

With respect to claims 3, 4, 7 and 8, Misawa and Goto disclose the invention of claims 1 and 10, as set forth above, however does not disclose that the device is capable of detecting whether the power source has been decoupled since the device was turned off or the device is turned on

Kabe discloses that the device is capable of detecting (Fig. 1, 14) power source that has been decoupled since the device is turned off (Col. 3, lines 65-67) or when the device is turned on (col. 4, lines 5-8). When the inputted information comprises rejection (Col. 6, lines 20-23) the safety information, the device turns off (Col. 25-32).

Misawa, Goto and Kabe are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor namely portable electronic device.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art, to have added power detection unit in view of the teachings of Kabe in

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order to detect power source that has been decoupled during the time the device is turned off.

The suggestion for doing so would have been obvious in view of the teachings of Kabe (col. 4, lines 29-40, col. 6, lines 20-33).

With respect to claims 5 and 6, Goto discloses a display of the safety information (Col. 1, 45-47) visible on the display until user inputs information into the device (Col. 2, lines 47-50), and inputted information selected (Col. 1, lines 49-50) from the group and it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art, to have selected the safety information as an acceptance or a rejection of the safety information as per the user choice. Providing an information display method having a superior information notification function would have included these functionalities in view of the teachings of Goto (Col. 2, lines 22-25).

Regarding claim 9, Goto discloses when the power source (Fig. 1, 200) is identified, safety information of a first type (Col. 2, 28-30) is presented on the display, and safety information of a second type is presented on a display (Col. 2, lines 30-38).

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on 02/14/2007 have been considered but are ineffective to overcome the combined references of Misawa, Goto and Kabe. (See the rejection above).

Applicant argues that " ... Misawa clearly state that ... warning unit would issue the warning in response to detection by the detection unit...indicating the user t turn off the power supply to DAP mode so that...power for a second application ... saved, not

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when the device is turned from OFF to ON" But, as it's been described above, it is well known that a device, such as this, could not display safety information when the device is turned OFF. But, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at that time of the invention was made to operate this compact electronic device only when it turns from OFF position to ON position in order to supply required power to the system, and issue a warning for safety mechanism pertaining to a power source.

As for applicant argument of "... there is no motivation as such in Goto to combine... with Misawa ... " In fact, Goto discloses a display of the safety information (Col. 1, 45-47) visible on the display until user inputs information into the device (Col. 2, lines 47-50), and inputted information selected (Col. 1, lines 49-50) from the group and it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art, to have selected the safety information as an acceptance or a rejection of the safety information as per the user choice. Providing an information display method having a superior information notification function would have included these functionalities in view of the teachings of Goto (Col. 2, lines 22-25). Therefore, this is a motivation found in Goto required to combine with Misawa to fully disclose the limitation as claimed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yalkew Fantu whose telephone number is 571-272-8928. The examiner can normally be reached on M - F: 7- 4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Karl D. Easthom can be reached on 571-272-1989. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JESSICA HAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER